

Statistics for Managers

Using Microsoft® Excel

SEVENTH EDITION

David M. Levine • David F. Stephan • Kathryn A. Szabat



ALWAYS LEARNING PEARSON

A ROADMAP FOR SELECTING A STATISTICAL METHOD

Data Analysis Task	For Numerical Variables	For Categorical Variables
Describing a group or several groups	Ordered array, stem-and-leaf display, frequency distribution, relative frequency distribution, percentage distribution, cumulative percentage distribution, histogram, polygon, cumulative percentage polygon (Sections 2.2 2.4)	Summary table, bar chart, pie chart, Pareto chart (Sections 2.1, 2.3)
	Mean, median, mode, geometric mean, quartiles, range, interquartile range, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, skewness, kurtosis, boxplot, normal probability plot (Sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 6.3) Index numbers (bonus eBook Section 16.8)	
Inference about one group	Confidence interval estimate of the mean (Sections 8.1 and 8.2) t test for the mean (Section 9.2) Chi-square test for a variance or standard deviation	Confidence interval estimate of the proportion (Section 8.3)
	(bonus eBook Section 12.7)	Z test for the proportion (Section 9.4)
Comparing two groups	Tests for the difference in the means of two independent populations (Section 10.1)	Z test for the difference between two proportions (Section 10.3)
	Wilcoxon rank sum test (Section 12.5) Paired t test (Section 10.2)	Chi-square test for the difference between two proportions (Section 12.1)
	F test for the difference between two variances (Section 10.4)	McNemar test for two related samples (bonus eBook Section 12.6)
Comparing more than two groups	One-way analysis of variance for comparing several means (Section 11.1) Kruskal-Wallis test (Section 12.6) Two-way analysis of variance (Section 11.2) Randomized block design (bonus eBook Section 11.3)	Chi-square test for differences among more than two proportions (Section 12.2)
Analyzing the relationship between two variables	Scatter plot, time series plot (Section 2.5) Covariance, coefficient of correlation (Section 3.5) Simple linear regression (Chapter 13) t test of correlation (Section 13.7) Time series forecasting (Chapter 16)	Contingency table, side-by-side bar chart, PivotTables (Sections 2.1, 2.3, 2.8) Chi-square test of independence (Section 12.3)
Analyzing the relationship between two or more variables	Multiple regression (Chapters 14 and 15)	Multidimensional contingency tables (Section 2.7) PivotTables and business analytics (Section 2.8) Logistic regression (Section 14.7) Predictive analytics and data mining (Section 15.6)

Statistics for Managers

Using Microsoft Excel

SEVENTH EDITION
Global Edition

Statistics for Managers

Using Microsoft Excel

SEVENTH EDITION
Global Edition

David M. Levine

Department of Statistics and Computer Information Systems

Zicklin School of Business, Baruch College, City University of New York

David F. Stephan

Two Bridges Instructional Technology

Kathryn A. Szabat

Department of Business Systems and Analytics School of Business, La Salle University

PEARSON

Boston Columbus Indianapolis New York San Francisco Upper Saddle River Amsterdam Cape Town Dubai London Madrid Milan Munich Paris Montreal Toronto Delhi Mexico City São Paulo Sydney Hong Kong Seoul Singapore Taipei Tokyo Editor in Chief: Donna Battista

 $\textbf{Senior Acquisitions Editor, International:} \ \textbf{Steven Jackson}$

Programme Editor, International: Leandra Paoli **Editorial Project Manager:** Mary Kate Murray

Editorial Assistant: Ashlee Bradbury Director of Marketing: Maggie Moylan Marketing Manager: Jami Minard

Marketing Manager, International: Dean Erasmus

Senior Managing Editor: Judy Leale Production Project Manager: Jane Bonnell

Pearson Education Limited

Edinburgh Gate Harlow

Essex CM20 2JE

England and Associated Companies throughout the world

Visit us on the World Wide Web at:

www.pearson.com/uk

© Pearson Education Limited 2014

The rights of David M. Levine, David F. Stephan and Kathryn A. Szabat to be identified as authors of this work have been asserted by them in accordance with the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

Authorised adaptation from the United States edition, entitled Statistics for Managers: Using Microsoft Excel, 7th Edition, ISBN: 978-0-13-306181-9 by David M. Levine, David F. Stephan and Kathryn A. Szabat, published by Pearson Education, Inc., © 2014.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without either the prior written permission of the publisher or a licence permitting restricted copying in the United Kingdom issued by the Copyright Licensing Agency Ltd, Saffron House, 6–10 Kirby Street, London EC1N 8TS.

All trademarks used herein are the property of their respective owners. The use of any trademark in this text does not vest in the author or publisher any trademark ownership rights in such trademarks, nor does the use of such trademarks imply any affiliation with or endorsement of this book by such owners.

Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers make no representations about the suitability of the information contained in the documents and related graphics published as part of the services for any purpose. All such documents and related graphics are provided "as is" without warranty of any kind. Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers hereby disclaim all warranties and conditions with regard to this information, including all warranties and conditions of merchantability, whether express, implied or statutory, fitness for a particular purpose, title and non-infringement. In no event shall Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers be liable for any special, indirect or consequential damages or any damages whatsoever resulting from loss of use, data or profits, whether in an action of contract, negligence or other tortious action, arising out of or in connection with the use or performance of information available from the services.

The documents and related graphics contained herein could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically added to the information herein. Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described herein at any time. Partial screen shots may be viewed in full within the software version specified.

Microsoft® and Windows® are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation in the U.S.A. and other countries. This book is not sponsored or endorsed by or affiliated with the Microsoft Corporation.

Credits and acknowledgments borrowed from other sources and reproduced, with permission, in this textbook appear on the appropriate page within text.

ISBN 13: 978-0-273-78711-2 ISBN 10: 0-273-78711-X

British Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 17 16 15 14 13

Typeset in TimesNewRomanPS by PreMediaGlobal, Inc. Printed and bound by Courier/Kendallville in The United States of America

The publisher's policy is to use paper manufactured from sustainable forests.

Senior Manufacturing Controller, Production, International: Trudy Kimber

Creative Director: Blair Brown **Art Director:** Steve Frim

Interior Designers: Dina Curro/Suzanne Behnke

Cover Designer: Jodi Notowitz Cover Image: Serp/Shutterstock

Associate Media Project Manager, Editorial: Sarah Peterson

Media Producer: Christina Maestri

Media Project Manager, Production: John Cassar Full-Service Project Management: PreMediaGlobal

To our spouses and children, Marilyn, Mary, Sharyn, and Mark,

and to our parents, in loving memory, Lee, Reuben, Ruth, Francis, and William, in honor, Mary

About the Authors



The authors of this book: Kathryn Szabat, David Levine, and David Stephan at a Decision Sciences Institute meeting.

David M. Levine is Professor Emeritus of Statistics and Computer Information Systems at Baruch College (City University of New York). He received B.B.A. and M.B.A. degrees in statistics from City College of New York and a Ph.D. from New York University in industrial engineering and operations research. He is nationally recognized as a leading innovator in statistics education and is the co-author of 44 books, including such best-selling statistics textbooks as *Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft Excel, Basic Business Statistics: Concepts and Applications, Business Statistics: A First Course*, and *Applied Statistics for Engineers and Scientists Using Microsoft Excel and Minitab*.

He also is the co-author of Even You Can Learn Statistics: A Guide for Everyone Who Has Ever Been Afraid of Statistics, currently in its second edition, Six Sigma for Green Belts and Champions and Design for Six Sigma for Green Belts and Champions, and the author of Statistics for Six Sigma Green Belts, all published by FT Press, a Pearson imprint, and Quality Management, third edition, McGraw-Hill/Irwin. He is also the author of Video Review of Statistics and Video Review of Probability, both published by Video Aided Instruction, and the statistics module of the MBA primer published by Cengage Learning. He has published articles in various journals, including Psychometrika, The American Statistician, Communications in Statistics, Decision Sciences Journal of Innovative Education, Multivariate Behavioral Research, Journal of Systems Management, Quality Progress, and The American Anthropologist, and he has given numerous talks at the Decision Sciences Institute (DSI), American Statistical Association (ASA), and Making Statistics More Effective in Schools and Business (MSMESB) conferences. Levine has also received several awards for outstanding teaching and curriculum development from Baruch College.

David F. Stephan is an independent instructional technologist. He was an Instructor/Lecturer of Computer Information Systems at Baruch College (City University of New York) for over 50 years and also served as an Assistant to the Provost and to the Dean of the School of Business & Public Administration for computing. He pioneered the use of computer classrooms for business teaching, devised interdisciplinary multimedia tools, and created techniques for teaching computer applications in a business context. He also conducted the first large-scale controlled experiment to show the benefit of teaching Microsoft Excel in a business case context to undergraduate students.

An avid developer, he created multimedia courseware while serving as the Assistant Director of a Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education (FIPSE) project at Baruch College. Stephan is also the originator of PHStat, the Pearson Education statistical add-in for Microsoft Excel and a co-author of Even You Can Learn Statistics: A Guide for Everyone Who Has Ever Been Afraid of Statistics and Practical Statistics by Example Using Microsoft Excel and Minitab. He is currently developing ways to extend the instructional materials that he and his co-authors develop to mobile and cloud computing platforms as well as develop social-media facilitated means to support learning in introductory business statistics courses.

Stephan received a B.A. in geology from Franklin and Marshall College and a M.S. in computer methodology from Baruch College (City University of New York).

Kathryn A. Szabat is Associate Professor and Chair of Business Systems and Analytics at LaSalle University. She teaches undergraduate and graduate courses in business statistics and operations management. She also teaches as Visiting Professor at the Ecole Superieure de Commerce et de Management (ESCEM) in France.

Szabat's research has been published in International Journal of Applied Decision Sciences, Accounting Education, Journal of Applied Business and Economics, Journal of Healthcare Management, and Journal of Management Studies. Scholarly chapters have appeared in Managing Adaptability, Intervention, and People in Enterprise Information Systems; Managing, Trade, Economies and International Business; Encyclopedia of Statistics in Behavioral Science; and Statistical Methods in Longitudinal Research.

Szabat has provided statistical advice to numerous business, non-business, and academic communities. Her more recent involvement has been in the areas of education, medicine, and nonprofit capacity building.

Szabat received a B.S. in mathematics from State University of New York at Albany and M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in statistics, with a cognate in operations research, from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

Brief Contents

Preface 23

Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First 32

- 1 Defining and Collecting Data 46
- 2 Organizing and Visualizing Data 68
- 3 Numerical Descriptive Measures 134
- 4 Basic Probability 184
- 5 Discrete Probability Distributions 214
- 6 The Normal Distribution and Other Continuous Distributions 248
- 7 Sampling Distributions 278
- 8 Confidence Interval Estimation 298
- 9 Fundamentals of Hypothesis Testing: One Sample Tests 334
- 10 Two-Sample Tests 372
- 11 Analysis of Variance 418
- 12 Chi-Square and Nonparametric Tests 458
- 13 Simple Linear Regression 500
- 14 Introduction to Multiple Regression 554
- 15 Multiple Regression Model Building 602
- 16 Time-Series Forecasting 638
- 17 A Roadmap for Analyzing Data 684
- 18 Statistical Applications in Quality Management (online)
- 19 Decision Making (online)

Appendices A-G 695

Self-Test Solutions and Answers to Selected Even-Numbered Problems 747

Index 779

Contents

	Preface 23		THIN	Measurement Error 58 Ethical Issues About Surveys 59 NK ABOUT THIS: New Media Surveys/Old Sampling	
Le	et's Get Started: Big		LICIN	Problems 59	
Th	nings to Learn First	32	USII	SUMMARY 61	
USIN LGS. LGS. LGS.	 Define Your Terms! 35 Business Analytics: The Changing Face of Statistics 3 "Big Data" 37 	36	CAS	REFERENCES 61 KEY TERMS 61 CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 62 CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 62 ES FOR CHAPTER 1 Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 63	
LGS.	REFERENCES 39		СПУ	CardioGood Fitness 63 Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 64 Learning with the Digital Cases 64 PTER 1 EXCEL GUIDE 66	
EC EC EC EC EC	KEY TERMS 39 EL GUIDE 40 G1. What Is Microsoft Excel? 40 G2. How Can I Use Excel with This Book? 40 G3. What Excel Skills Does This Book Require? 40 G4. Getting Ready to Use Excel with This Book 42 G5. Entering Data 43 G6. Opening and Saving Workbooks 43 G7. Creating and Copying Worksheets 44 G8. Printing Worksheets 44		EC EC EC	G1.1 Establishing the Variable Type 66 G1.2 Measurement Scales for Variables 66 G1.3 Collecting Data 66 G1.4 Types of Sampling Methods 67 G1.5 Types of Survey Errors 67 Organizing and	
			_	T71 11 1 T	6
1	Defining and				_
	0 11 1 5	46	USIN	NG STATISTICS: The Choice Is Yours 69	
USIN	IG STATISTICS: Beginning of the End Or the End of the Beginning? 47		2.1	How to Proceed with This Chapter 70 Organizing Categorical Data 71 The Summary Table 71 The Contingency Table 72	
1.1 1.2	Establishing the Variable Type 48 Measurement Scales for Variables 49 Nominal and Ordinal Scales 49 Interval and Ratio Scales 50 Collecting Data 52		2.2	Organizing Numerical Data 75 Stacked and Unstacked Data 75 The Ordered Array 75 The Frequency Distribution 76 Classes and Excel Bins 78	
1.0	Data Sources 52 Populations and Samples 53 Data Cleaning 53			The Relative Frequency Distribution and the Percentage Distribution 79 The Cumulative Distribution 81	
1.4	Recoded Variables 53 Types of Sampling Methods 54 Simple Random Sample 55 Systematic Sample 56 Stratified Sample 56		2.3	Visualizing Categorical Data 85 The Bar Chart 85 The Pie Chart 86 The Pareto Chart 87 The Side-by-Side Bar Chart 89	
1.5	Cluster Sample 56 Types of Survey Errors 57 Coverage Error 58 Nonresponse Error 58 Sampling Error 58		2.4	Visualizing Numerical Data 92 The Stem-and-Leaf Display 92 The Histogram 93 The Percentage Polygon 94 The Cumulative Percentage Polygon (Ogive) 96	

The Boxplot 158

2.5	Visualizing Two Numerical Variables 99 The Scatter Plot 99 The Time-Series Plot 100	3.4	Numerical Descriptive Measures for a Population 160 The Population Mean 161 The Population Variance and Standard Deviation 162
26			The Empirical Rule 163
2.6	Challenges in Visualizing Data 103 Chartjunk 104		The Chebyshev Rule 164
	Guidelines for Developing Visualizations 106	3.5	The Covariance and the Coefficient of Correlation 166
2.7	Organizing and Visualizing Many Variables 107		The Covariance 166
2.,	Multidimensional Contingency Tables 108		The Coefficient of Correlation 167
	Adding Numerical Variables 109	3.6	Descriptive Statistics: Pitfalls and Ethical Issues 172
	Drill-down 109	USIN	NG STATISTICS: More Descriptive Choices, Revisited 172
2.8	PivotTables and Business Analytics 110		SUMMARY 173
	Real-World Business Analytics and Microsoft Excel 112		REFERENCES 173
USIN	NG STATISTICS: The Choice Is Yours, Revisited 113		KEY EQUATIONS 173
	SUMMARY 113		KEY TERMS 174
	REFERENCES 114		CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 175
	KEY EQUATIONS 114		CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 175
	KEY TERMS 115	CAS	ES FOR CHAPTER 3
	CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 115	CAS	
	CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 115		Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 178
CAS	ES FOR CHAPTER 2		Digital Case 178 CardioGood Fitness 179
0, 10	Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 120		More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 179
	Digital Case 121		Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 179
	CardioGood Fitness 121	СНА	NPTER 3 EXCEL GUIDE 180
	The Choice <i>Is</i> Yours Follow-up 121		G3.1 Central Tendency 180
	Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 121		G3.2 Variation and Shape 181
СНА	PTER 2 EXCEL GUIDE 122		G3.3 Exploring Numerical Data 181
	G2.1 Organizing Categorical Data 122	EC	G3.4 Numerical Descriptive Measures for a Population 182
	G2.2 Organizing Numerical Data 124	EC	G3.5 The Covariance and the Coefficient of Correlation 183
	G2.3 Visualizing Categorical Data 126		
	G2.4 Visualizing Numerical Data 128	4	Basic Probability 184
	G2.5 Visualizing Two Numerical Variables 131 G2.6 Challenges in Visualizing Data 132	•	
	G2.7 Organizing and Visualizing Many Variables 132	USIN	NG STATISTICS: Possibilities at M&R Electronics World 185
	G2.8 PivotTables and Business Analytics 133	4.1	Basic Probability Concepts 186
	·		Events and Sample Spaces 187
2	NI 1 ID 1 d		Contingency Tables 188
)	Numerical Descriptive		Simple Probability 188
	Measures 134		Joint Probability 189 Marginal Probability 190
			General Addition Rule 191
USIN	NG STATISTICS: More Descriptive Choices 135	4.2	Conditional Probability 194
3.1	Central Tendency 136		Computing Conditional Probabilities 194
	The Mean 136		Decision Trees 196
	The Median 138		Independence 197
	The Mode 139		Multiplication Rules 198
	The Geometric Mean 140		Marginal Probability Using the General
3.2	Variation and Shape 141	4.2	Multiplication Rule 199
	The Range 141 The Variance and the Standard Deviation 142	4.3	Bayes' Theorem 202
	The Coefficient of Variation 146	THIN	NK ABOUT THIS: Divine Providence and Spam 205
	Z Scores 147	4.4	Ethical Issues and Probability 206
	Shape: Skewness and Kurtosis 148	4.5	Counting Rules (online) 207
VISU	JAL EXPLORATIONS: Exploring Descriptive Statistics 150	USIN	NG STATISTICS: Possibilities at M&R Electronics World,
3.3	Exploring Numerical Data 154		Revisited 207
-	Quartiles 154		SUMMARY 208
	The Interquartile Range 155		REFERENCES 208
	The Five-Number Summary 156		KEY EQUATIONS 208

KEY TERMS 209

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING	209
CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 209	

CASES FOR CHAPTER 4

Digital Case 211 CardioGood Fitness 211 The Choice *Is* Yours Follow-up 211 Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 211

CHAPTER 4 EXCEL GUIDE 213

EG4.1 Basic Probability Concepts 213 EG4.2 Conditional Probability 213 EG4.3 Bayes' Theorem 213

5 Discrete Probability Distributions

214

USING STATISTICS: Events of Interest at Ricknel Home Centers 215

5.1 The Probability Distribution for a Discrete Variable 216
 Expected Value of a Discrete Variable 216
 Variance and Standard Deviation of a Discrete Variable 217

5.2 Covariance of a Probability Distribution and Its Application in Finance 219

Covariance 219

Expected Value, Variance, and Standard Deviation of the Sum of Two Variables 221

Portfolio Expected Return and Portfolio Risk 221

- 5.3 Binomial Distribution 225
- 5.4 Poisson Distribution 232
- 5.5 Hypergeometric Distribution 236

USING STATISTICS: Events of Interest at Ricknel Home Centers, Revisited 239

SUMMARY 239

REFERENCES 239

KEY EQUATIONS 240

KEY TERMS 240

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 241

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 241

CASES FOR CHAPTER 5

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 243 Digital Case 244

CHAPTER 5 EXCEL GUIDE 245

EG5.1 The Probability Distribution for a Discrete Variable 245 EG5.2 Covariance of a Probability Distribution and Its Application in Finance 245

EG5.3 Binomial Distribution 246

EG5.4 Poisson Distribution 246

EG5.5 Hypergeometric Distribution 247

6 The Normal Distribution and Other Continuous Distributions

248

USING STATISTICS: Normal Downloading at MyTVLab 249

6.1 Continuous Probability Distributions 250

6.2 The Normal Distribution 250

Computing Normal Probabilities 252

Finding X Values 257

VISUAL EXPLORATIONS: Exploring the Normal Distribution 260

THINK ABOUT THIS: What Is Normal? 261

6.3 Evaluating Normality 263

Comparing Data Characteristics to Theoretical Properties 263

Constructing the Normal Probability Plot 264

- 6.4 The Uniform Distribution 266
- 6.5 The Exponential Distribution 269
- 6.6 The Normal Approximation to the Binomial Distribution (online) 271

USING STATISTICS: Normal Downloading at MyTVLab,

Revisited 271

SUMMARY 271

REFERENCES 272

KEY EQUATIONS 272

KEY TERMS 272

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 273

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 273

CASES FOR CHAPTER 6

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 274

Digital Case 275

CardioGood Fitness 275

More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 275

Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 275

CHAPTER 6 EXCEL GUIDE 276

EG6.1 Continuous Probability Distributions 276

EG6.2 The Normal Distribution 276

EG6.3 Evaluating Normality 276

EG6.4 The Uniform Distribution 277

EG6.5 The Exponential Distribution 277

7 Sampling Distributions 278

USING STATISTICS: Sampling Oxford Cereals 279

- 7.1 Sampling Distributions 280
- 7.2 Sampling Distribution of the Mean 280

The Unbiased Property of the Sample Mean 280

Standard Error of the Mean 282

Sampling from Normally Distributed Populations 283

Sampling from Non-normally Distributed Populations—

The Central Limit Theorem 286

VISUAL EXPLORATIONS: Exploring Sampling

Distributions 288

- 7.3 Sampling Distribution of the Proportion 289
- 7.4 Sampling from Finite Populations (*online*) 292

USING STATISTICS: Sampling Oxford Cereals, Revisited 292

SUMMARY 293

REFERENCES 293

KEY EQUATIONS 293

KEY TERMS 293

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 293

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 294

CASES FOR CHAPTER 7

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 295 Digital Case 296

CHAPTER 7 EXCEL GUIDE 297

Deviation? 305

EG7.1 Sampling Distributions 297

EG7.2 Sampling Distribution of the Mean 297

EG7.3 Sampling Distribution of the Proportion 297

8 Confidence Interval Estimation

298

USING STATISTICS: Getting Estimates at Ricknel Home Centers 299

8.1 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean
 (σ Known) 300
 Can You Ever Know the Population Standard

8.2 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean (σ Unknown) 306

Student's *t* Distribution 306 Properties of the *t* Distribution 307 The Concept of Degrees of Freedom 308 The Confidence Interval Statement 309

8.3 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Proportion 314

8.4 Determining Sample Size 317
 Sample Size Determination for the Mean 317
 Sample Size Determination for the Proportion 319

8.5 Confidence Interval Estimation and Ethical Issues 323

8.6 Application of Confidence Interval Estimation in Auditing (*online*) 323

8.7 Estimation and Sample Size Estimation for Finite Populations (*online*) 324

USING STATISTICS: Getting Estimates at Ricknel Home Centers, Revisited 324

SUMMARY 324

REFERENCES 325

KEY EQUATIONS 325

KEY TERMS 325

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 325

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 326

CASES FOR CHAPTER 8

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 329

Digital Case 330

Sure Value Convenience Stores 331

CardioGood Fitness 331

More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 331

Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 331

CHAPTER 8 EXCEL GUIDE 332

EG8.1 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean (σ Known) 332 EG8.2 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean (σ Unknown) 332

EG8.3 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Proportion 332 EG8.4 Determining Sample Size 332

9 Fundamentals of HypothesisTesting: One-Sample Tests 334

USING STATISTICS: Significant Testing at Oxford Cereals 335

9.1 Fundamentals of Hypothesis-Testing Methodology 336

The Null and Alternative Hypotheses 336

The Critical Value of the Test Statistic 337

Regions of Rejection and Nonrejection 338

Risks in Decision Making Using Hypothesis Testing 338

ZTest for the Mean (σ Known) 340

Hypothesis Testing Using the Critical Value Approach 341

Hypothesis Testing Using the *p*-Value Approach 343

A Connection Between Confidence Interval Estimation and Hypothesis Testing 346

Can You Ever Know the Population Standard

Deviation? 346

9.2 *t* Test of Hypothesis for the Mean (σ Unknown) 348

The Critical Value Approach 348 The *p*-Value Approach 350

Checking the Normality Assumption 350

9.3 One-Tail Tests 354

The Critical Value Approach 354 The *p*-Value Approach 355

9.4 Z Test of Hypothesis for the Proportion 358

The Critical Value Approach 359
The *p*-Value Approach 360

9.5 Potential Hypothesis-Testing Pitfalls and Ethical Issues 362

Statistical Significance Versus Practical Significance 362
Statistical *Insignificance* Versus Importance 363

Depositing of Findings 262

Reporting of Findings 363 Ethical Issues 363

9.6 Power of the Test (*online*) 363

USING STATISTICS: Significant Testing at Oxford Cereals,

Revisited 364

SUMMARY 364

REFERENCES 364

KEY EQUATIONS 365

KEY TERMS 365

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 365

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 365

CASES FOR CHAPTER 9

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 368 Digital Case 368

Sure Value Convenience Stores 368

CHAPTER 9 EXCEL GUIDE 369

EG9.1 Fundamentals of Hypothesis-Testing Methodology 369

EG9.2 t Test of Hypothesis for the Mean (σ Unknown) 369

EG9.3 One-Tail Tests 370

EG9.4 Z Test of Hypothesis for the Proportion 370

10	Two-Sample	Tests
IU	1 w 0-Sampic	16363

372

USING STATISTICS: For North Fork, Are There Different Means to the Ends? 373

10.1 Comparing the Means of Two Independent Populations 374

> Pooled-Variance t Test for the Difference Between Two Means 374

Confidence Interval Estimate for the Difference Between Two Means 379

t Test for the Difference Between Two Means, Assuming Unequal Variances 380

THINK ABOUT THIS: "This Call May Be Monitored ..." 382

10.2 Comparing the Means of Two Related Populations 385 Paired t Test 386

Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean Difference 391

10.3 Comparing the Proportions of Two Independent Populations 393

> Z Test for the Difference Between Two Proportions 393 Confidence Interval Estimate for the Difference Between Two Proportions 397

10.4 F Test for the Ratio of Two Variances 399

USING STATISTICS: For North Fork, Are There Different Means to the Ends? Revisited 404

SUMMARY 404

REFERENCES 406

KEY EQUATIONS 406

KEY TERMS 406

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 407

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 407

CASES FOR CHAPTER 10

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 409

Digital Case 410

Sure Value Convenience Stores 410

CardioGood Fitness 410

More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 411

Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 411

CHAPTER 10 EXCEL GUIDE 412

EG10.1 Comparing the Means of Two Independent Populations 412

EG10.2 Comparing the Means of Two Related Populations 414

EG10.3 Comparing the Proportions of Two Independent Populations 416

EG10.4 F Test for the Ratio of Two Variances 417

Analysis of Variance 418

USING STATISTICS: Are There Looming Differences at Perfect

Parachutes? 419

11.1 The Completely Randomized Design: One-Way Analysis of Variance 420

> One-Way ANOVA F Test for Differences Among More Than Two Means 420

Multiple Comparisons: The Tukey-Kramer Procedure 426

The Analysis of Means (ANOM) (online) 428

ANOVA Assumptions 428

Levene Test for Homogeneity of Variance 429

11.2 The Factorial Design: Two-Way Analysis of Variance 433

Factor and Interaction Effects 434

Testing for Factor and Interaction Effects 436

Multiple Comparisons: The Tukey Procedure 440

Visualizing Interaction Effects: The Cell Means Plot 441 Interpreting Interaction Effects 441

- 11.3 The Randomized Block Design (online) 446
- 11.4 Fixed Effects, Random Effects, and Mixed Effects Models (online) 446

USING STATISTICS: Are There Looming Differences at Perfect Parachutes? Revisited 446

SUMMARY 446

REFERENCES 447

KEY EQUATIONS 447

KEY TERMS 448

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 448

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 448

CASES FOR CHAPTER 11

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 451

Digital Case 452

Sure Value Convenience Stores 452

CardioGood Fitness 453

More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 453

Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 453

CHAPTER 11 EXCEL GUIDE 454

EG11.1 The Completely Randomized Design: One-Way Analysis of Variance 454

EG11.2 The Factorial Design: Two-Way Analysis of Variance 456

12 Chi-Square and Nonparametric Tests 458

USING STATISTICS: Not Resorting to Guesswork About Resort Guests 459

- 12.1 Chi-Square Test for the Difference Between Two Proportions 460
- 12.2 Chi-Square Test for Differences Among More Than Two Proportions 467

The Marascuilo Procedure 470

The Analysis of Proportions (ANOP) (online) 472

- 12.3 Chi-Square Test of Independence 473
- 12.4 Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test: A Nonparametric Method for Two Independent Populations 478
- 12.5 Kruskal-Wallis Rank Test: A Nonparametric Method for the One-Way ANOVA 484 Assumptions 487
- 12.6 McNemar Test for the Difference Between Two Proportions (Related Samples) (online) 488
- 12.7 Chi-Square Test for the Variance or Standard Deviation (online) 489

USING STATISTICS: Not Resorting to Guesswork About Resort Guests, Revisited 489

SUMMARY 489

REFERENCES 490

Values 533

The Confidence Interval Estimate for the Mean Response 534

KEY EQUATIONS 491 The Prediction Interval for an Individual Response 535 **KEY TERMS 491** 13.9 Pitfalls in Regression 537 Strategy for Avoiding the Pitfalls 539 CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 491 THINK ABOUT THIS: By Any Other Name 540 **CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 491 CASES FOR CHAPTER 12 USING STATISTICS:** Knowing Customers at Sunflowers Apparel, Revisited 540 Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 493 SUMMARY 541 Digital Case 494 **REFERENCES 542** Sure Value Convenience Stores 495 **KEY EQUATIONS 542** CardioGood Fitness 495 More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 495 KEY TERMS 543 Clear Mountain State Student Surveys 495 CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 543 **CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 544** CHAPTER 12 EXCEL GUIDE 497 EG12.1 Chi-Square Test for the Difference Between Two **CASES FOR CHAPTER 13** Proportions 497 Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 548 EG12.2 Chi-Square Test for Differences Among More Than Two Digital Case 548 Proportions 497 Brynne Packaging 549 EG12.3 Chi-Square Test of Independence 498 EG12.4 Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test: A Nonparametric Method for **CHAPTER 13 EXCEL GUIDE 550** Two Independent Populations 498 EG13.1 Types of Regression Models 550 EG12.5 Kruskal-Wallis Rank Test: A Nonparametric Method for EG13.2 Determining the Simple Linear Regression Equation 550 the One-Way ANOVA 499 EG13.3 Measures of Variation 551 EG13.4 Assumptions of Regression 551 EG13.5 Residual Analysis 551 13 Simple Linear EG13.6 Measuring Autocorrelation: The Durbin-Watson Statistic 552 Regression 500 EG13.7 Inferences About the Slope and Correlation Coefficient 552 **USING STATISTICS:** Knowing Customers at Sunflowers EG13.8 Estimation of Mean Values and Prediction of Individual Apparel 501 Values 552 13.1 Types of Regression Models 502 13.2 Determining the Simple Linear Regression **14** Introduction to Multiple Equation 504 The Least-Squares Method 505 Regression 554 Predictions in Regression Analysis: Interpolation Versus Extrapolation 507 USING STATISTICS: The Multiple Effects of OmniPower Computing the Y Intercept, b_0 and the Slope, b_1 508 **Bars** 555 **VISUAL EXPLORATIONS:** Exploring Simple Linear Regression Coefficients 510 14.1 Developing a Multiple Regression Model 556 Interpreting the Regression Coefficients 556 13.3 Measures of Variation 513 Predicting the Dependent Variable Y 559 Computing the Sum of Squares 513 The Coefficient of Determination 514 14.2 r^2 , Adjusted r^2 , and the Overall F Test 561 Standard Error of the Estimate 516 Coefficient of Multiple Determination 561 Adjusted r^2 562 13.4 Assumptions of Regression 518 Test for the Significance of the Overall Multiple Regression 13.5 Residual Analysis 518 Model 562 Evaluating the Assumptions 518 14.3 Residual Analysis for the Multiple Regression 13.6 Measuring Autocorrelation: The Durbin-Watson Model 565 Statistic 522 14.4 Inferences Concerning the Population Regression Residual Plots to Detect Autocorrelation 522 Coefficients 567 The Durbin-Watson Statistic 523 Tests of Hypothesis 567 13.7 Inferences About the Slope and Correlation Confidence Interval Estimation 568 Coefficient 526 14.5 Testing Portions of the Multiple Regression Model 570 t Test for the Slope 526 Coefficients of Partial Determination 574 F Test for the Slope 527 14.6 Using Dummy Variables and Interaction Terms in Confidence Interval Estimate for the Slope 529 Regression Models 575 t Test for the Correlation Coefficient 529 Dummy Variables 576 13.8 Estimation of Mean Values and Prediction of Individual

Interactions 578

14.7 Logistic Regression 586

USING STATISTICS:	The Multiple Effects of OmniPower Bars,
Revisited 590	

SUMMARY 590

REFERENCES 592

KEY EQUATIONS 592

KEY TERMS 593

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 593

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 593

CASES FOR CHAPTER 14

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 597 Digital Case 597

CHAPTER 14 EXCEL GUIDE 598

EG14.1 Developing a Multiple Regression Model 598

EG14.2 r^2 , Adjusted r^2 , and the Overall F Test 599

EG14.3 Residual Analysis for the Multiple Regression Model 599

EG14.4 Inferences Concerning the Population Regression Coefficients 600

EG14.5 Testing Portions of the Multiple Regression Model 600

EG14.6 Using Dummy Variables and Interaction Terms in Regression Models 600

EG14.7 Logistic Regression 601

15 Multiple Regression Model Building

602

USING STATISTICS: Valuing Parsimony at WHIT-DT 603

15.1 The Quadratic Regression Model 604

Finding the Regression Coefficients and Predicting *Y* 605 Testing for the Significance of the Quadratic Model 607 Testing the Quadratic Effect 607

The Coefficient of Multiple Determination 609

15.2 Using Transformations in Regression Models 612 The Square-Root Transformation 612

The Log Transformation 613

- 15.3 Collinearity 615
- 15.4 Model Building 616

The Stepwise Regression Approach to Model Building 618 The Best-Subsets Approach to Model Building 619 Model Validation 623

15.5 Pitfalls in Multiple Regression and Ethical Issues 624Pitfalls in Multiple Regression 624Ethical Issues 625

15.6 Predictive Analytics and Data Mining 625

Data Mining 625

Data Mining Examples 626

Statistical Methods in Business Analytics 626

Data Mining Using Excel Add-ins 627

USING STATISTICS: Valuing Parsimony at WHIT-DT,

Revisited 628

SUMMARY 628

REFERENCES 630

KEY EQUATIONS 630

KEY TERMS 630

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 631

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 631

CASES FOR CHAPTER 15

The Mountain States Potato Company 633

Sure Value Convenience Stores 633

Digital Case 634

The Craybill Instrumentation Company Case 634

More Descriptive Choices Follow-up 635

CHAPTER 15 EXCEL GUIDE 636

EG15.1 The Quadratic Regression Model 636

EG15.2 Using Transformations in Regression Models 636

EG15.3 Collinearity 636

EG15.4 Model Building 637

16 Time-Series Forecasting 638

USING STATISTICS: Principled Forecasting 639

- 16.1 The Importance of Business Forecasting 640
- 16.2 Component Factors of Time-Series Models 640
- 16.3 Smoothing an Annual Time Series 641

Moving Averages 642

Exponential Smoothing 644

16.4 Least-Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting 647

The Linear Trend Model 647

The Quadratic Trend Model 649

The Exponential Trend Model 650

Model Selection Using First, Second, and Percentage Differences 652

16.5 Autoregressive Modeling for Trend Fitting and Forecasting 657

> Selecting an Appropriate Autoregressive Model 658 Determining the Appropriateness of a

Selected Model 660

16.6 Choosing an Appropriate Forecasting Model 665

Performing a Residual Analysis 665

Measuring the Magnitude of the Residuals Through Squared or Absolute Differences 666

Using the Principle of Parsimony 666

A Comparison of Four Forecasting Methods 666

16.7 Time-Series Forecasting of Seasonal Data 668

Least-Squares Forecasting with Monthly or Quarterly Data 669

16.8 Index Numbers (online) 674

THINK ABOUT THIS: Let The Model User Beware 675

USING STATISTICS: Principled Forecasting, Revisited 675

SUMMARY 675

REFERENCES 676

KEY EQUATIONS 676

KEY TERMS 677

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING 677

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 678

CASES FOR CHAPTER 16

Managing Ashland MultiComm Services 679 Digital Case 679

CHAPTER 16 EXCEL GUIDE 680

EG16.1 The Importance of Business Forecasting 680

EG16.2 Component Factors of Time-Series Models 680

EG16.3 Smoothing an Annual Time Series 680

EG16.4 Least-Squares Trend Fitting and Forecasting 681

EG16.5 Auto	oregressive	Modeling for	Trend	Fitting	and
Forecasting	682				

EG16.6 Choosing an Appropriate Forecasting Model 682 EG16.7 Time-Series Forecasting of Seasonal Data 683

17 A Roadmap for Analyzing Data

684

USING STATISTICS: Mounting Future Analyses 685

17.1 Analyzing Numerical Variables 688

Describing the Characteristics of a Numerical Variable 688

Reaching Conclusions About the Population Mean and/or Standard Deviation 688

Determining Whether the Mean and/or Standard Deviation Differs Depending on the Group 688

Determining Which Factors Affect the Value of a Variable 689

Predicting the Value of a Variable Based on the Values of Other Variables 689

Determining Whether the Values of a Variable Are Stable Over Time 689

17.2 Analyzing Categorical Variables 690

Describing the Proportion of Items of Interest in Each Category 690

Reaching Conclusions About the Proportion of Items of Interest 690

Determining Whether the Proportion of Items of Interest Differs Depending on the Group 690

Predicting the Proportion of Items of Interest Based on the Values of Other Variables 691

Determining Whether the Proportion of Items of Interest Is Stable Over Time 691

USING STATISTICS: Mounting Future Analyses, Revisited 691 CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS 692

18 Statistical Applications in Quality Management (online)

USING STATISTICS: Improving Guest Satisfaction at the Beachcomber

- 18.1 The Theory of Control Charts
- 18.2 Control Chart for the Proportion: The p Chart
- 18.3 The Red Bead Experiment: Understanding Process Variability
- 18.4 Control Chart for an Area of Opportunity: The *c* Chart
- 18.5 Control Charts for the Range and the Mean The *R* Chart

The \overline{X} Chart 18.6 Process Capability

Customer Satisfaction and Specification Limits Capability Indices $CPL,\,CPU,\,$ and C_{ok}

18.7 Total Quality Management

18.8 Six Sigma

The DMAIC Model

Roles in a Six Sigma Organization

USING STATISTICS: Improving Guest Satisfaction, Revisited

SUMMARY

REFERENCES

KEY EQUATIONS

KEY TERMS

CHECKING YOUR UNDERSTANDING

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS

CASES FOR CHAPTER 18

The Harnswell Sewing Machine Company Case Managing Ashland Multicomm Services

CHAPTER 18 EXCEL GUIDE

EG18.1 The Theory of Control Charts

EG18.2 Control Chart for the Proportion: The *p* Chart

EG18.3 The Red Bead Experiment: Understanding Process Variability

EG18.4 Control Chart for an Area of Opportunity: The c Chart

EG18.5 Control Charts for the Range and the Mean

EG18.6 Process Capability

19 Decision Making (online)

USING STATISTICS: Reliable Decision Making

- 19.1 Payoff Tables and Decision Trees
- 19.2 Criteria for Decision Making

Maximax Payoff

Maximin Payoff

Expected Monetary Value

Expected Opportunity Loss

Return-to-Risk Ratio

19.3 Decision Making with Sample Information

19.4 Utility

THINK ABOUT THIS: Risky Business

USING STATISTICS: Reliable Decision-Making, Revisited

SUMMARY

REFERENCES

KEY EQUATIONS

KEY TERMS

CHAPTER REVIEW PROBLEMS

CHAPTER 19 EXCEL GUIDE

EG19.1 Payoff Tables and Decision Trees

EG19.2 Criteria for Decision Making

Appendices 695

- A. Basic Math Concepts and Symbols 696
 - A.1 Rules for Arithmetic Operations 696
 - A.2 Rules for Algebra: Exponents and Square Roots 696
 - A.3 Rules for Logarithms 697
 - A.4 Summation Notation 698

- A.5 Statistical Symbols 701
- A.6 Greek Alphabet 701
- B. Required Excel Skills 702
 - B.1 Worksheet Entries and References 702
 - B.2 Absolute and Relative Cell References 703
 - B.3 Entering Formulas into Worksheets 703
 - B.4 Pasting with Paste Special 704
 - B.5 Basic Worksheet Formatting 704
 - B.6 Chart Formatting 706
 - B.7 Selecting Cell Ranges for Charts 707
 - B.8 Deleting the "Extra" Bar from a Histogram 708
 - B.9 Creating Histograms for Discrete Probability Distributions 708
- C. Online Resources 709
 - C.1 About the Online Resources for This Book 709
 - C.2 Accessing the MyMathLab Global Course Online 709
 - C.3 Details of Downloadable Files 710
- D. Configuring Software 718
 - D.1 Getting Microsoft Excel Ready for Use (ALL) 718
 - D.2 Getting PHStat Ready for Use (ALL) 719
 - D.3 Configuring Excel Security for Add-In Usage (WIN) 719
 - D.4 Opening PHStat (ALL) 720
 - D.5 Using a Visual Explorations Add-in Workbook (ALL) 721
 - D.6 Checking for the Presence of the Analysis ToolPak or Solver Add-Ins (ALL) 721
- E. Tables 722
 - E.1 Table of Random Numbers 722
 - E.2 The Cumulative Standardized Normal Distribution 724

- E.3 Critical Values of t 726
- E.4 Critical Values of χ^2 728
- E.5 Critical values of F 729
- E.6 Lower and Upper Critical Values T_1 , of the Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test 733
- E.7 Critical Values of the Studentized Range, Q 734
- E.8 Critical Values, d_L and d_U , of the Durbin-Watson Statistic, D 736
- E.9 Control Chart Factors 737
- E.10 The Standardized Normal Distribution 738
- F. Useful Excel Knowledge 739
 - F.1 Useful Keyboard Shortcuts 739
 - F.2 Verifying Formulas and Worksheets 740
 - F.3 New Function Names 740
 - F.4 Understanding the Non-statistical Functions 742
- G. PHStat and Microsoft Excel FAQs 744
 - G.1 PHStat FAQs 744
 - G.2 Microsoft Excel FAQs 745
 - G.3 FAQs for New Microsoft Excel 2013 Users 746

Self-Test Solutions and Answers to Selected Even-Numbered Problems 747

Index 779

Preface

Over a generation ago, advances in "data processing" led to new business opportunities as first centralized and then desktop computing proliferated. The Information Age was born. Computer science became much more than just an adjunct to a mathematics curriculum, and whole new fields of studies, such as computer information systems, emerged.

More recently, further advances in information technologies have combined with data analysis techniques to create new opportunities in what is more data *science* than data *processing* or *computer* science. The world of business statistics has grown larger, bumping into other disciplines. And, in a reprise of something that occurred a generation ago, new fields of study, this time with names such as informatics, data analytics, and decision science, have emerged.

This time of change makes what is taught in business statistics and how it is taught all the more critical. These new fields of study all share statistics as a foundation for further learning. We are accustomed to thinking about change, as seeking ways to continuously improve the teaching of business statistics have always guided our efforts. We actively participate in Decision Sciences Institute (DSI), American Statistical Association (ASA), and Making Statistics More Effective in Schools and Business (MSMESB) conferences. We use the ASA's Guidelines for Assessment and Instruction (GAISE) reports and combine them with our experiences teaching business statistics to a diverse student body at several large universities.

What to teach and how to teach it are particularly significant questions to ask during a time of change. As an author team, we bring a unique collection of experiences that we believe helps us find the proper perspective in balancing the old and the new. Our lead author, David M. Levine, was the first educator, along with Mark L. Berenson, to create a business statistics textbook that discussed using statistical software and incorporated "computer output" as illustrations—just the first of many teaching and curricular innovations in his many years of teaching business statistics. Our second author, David F. Stephan, developed courses and teaching methods in computer information systems and digital media during the information revolution, creating, and then teaching in, one of the first personal computer *classrooms* in a large school of business along the way. Early in his career, he introduced spreadsheet applications to a business statistics faculty audience that included David Levine, an introduction that eventually led to the first edition of this textbook. Our newest co-author, Kathryn A. Szabat, has provided statistical advice to various business and non-business communities. Her background in statistics and operations research and her experiences interacting with professionals in practice have guided her, as departmental chair, in developing a new, interdisciplinary academic department, Business Systems and Analytics, in response to the technology- and data-driven changes in business today.

All three of us benefit from our many years teaching undergraduate business subjects and the diversity of interests and efforts of our past co-authors, Mark Berenson and Timothy Krehbiel. We are pleased to offer the innovations and new content that are itemized starting on the next page. As in prior editions, we are guided by these key learning principles:

- Help students see the relevance of statistics to their own careers by providing examples drawn from the functional areas in which they may be specializing.
- Emphasize interpretation of statistical results over mathematical computation.
- Give students ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to business.
- Familiarize students with how to use statistical software to assist business decision making.
- Provide clear instructions to students for using statistical applications.

Read more about these principles on page 27.

What's New and Innovative in This Edition?

This seventh edition of *Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft Excel* contains both new and innovative features and content, while refining and extending the use of the DCOVA (**D**efine, **C**ollect, **O**rganize, **V**isualize, and **A**nalyze) framework, first introduced in the sixth edition as an integrated approach for applying statistics to help solve business problems.

Innovations

Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First—In a time of change, you can never know exactly what knowledge and background students bring into an introductory business statistics classroom. Add that to the need to curb the fear factor about learning statistics that so many students begin with, and there's a lot to cover even before you teach your first statistical concept.

We created "Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First" to meet this challenge. This unit sets the context for explaining what statistics is (not what students may think!) while ensuring that all students share an understanding of the forces that make learning business statistics critically important today. Especially designed for instructors teaching with course management tools, including those teaching hybrid or online courses, "Let's Get Started" has been developed to be posted online or otherwise distributed before the first class section begins and is available from the download page for this book that is discussed in Appendix Section C.1.

Complete Microsoft Windows and OS X Excel-Based Solutions for Learning Business Statistics—Expanding on the contents of previous editions, this book features revised Excel Guides that address differences in current versions and features a new version of PHStat, the Pearson Education statistics add-in, that is simpler to set up and is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and OS X versions of Microsoft Excel. Using PHStat or the expanded set of Excel Guide workbooks that serve as models and templates for solutions gives students two distinct ways of incorporating Excel in their study of statistics. (See Section EG.2 on page 40 in the Excel Guide for "Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First" for complete details.)

Student Tips—In-margin notes reinforce hard-to-master concepts and provide quick study tips for mastering important details.

Discussion of Business Analytics—"Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First" quickly defines business analytics and big data and explains how these things are changing the face of statistics. Section 2.38, "PivotTables and Business Analytics," uses standard Microsoft Excel features to explain and illustrate descriptive analytics techniques. Section 44.37, "Logistic Regression," and Section 15.36, "Predictive Analytics and Data Mining," explain and illustrate predictive analytics concepts and techniques.

Digital Cases—In the Digital Cases, learners must examine interactive PDF documents to sift through various claims and information in order to discover the data most relevant to a business case scenario. Learners then determine whether the conclusions and claims are supported by the data. In doing so, learners discover and learn how to identify common misuses of statistical information. Many Digital Cases extend a chapter's Using Statistics scenario by posing additional questions and raising issues about the scenario.

Digital Cases appear at the end of all chapters and are the successors to the Web Cases found in previous editions. (Instructional tips for using the Digital Cases and solutions to the Digital Cases are included in the Instructor's Solutions Manual.)

Chapter—Short Takes Online electronic documents that are available for viewing or download supply additional insights or explanations to important statistical concepts or details about the worksheet-based solutions presented in this book.

Revised and Enhanced Content

New Continuing End-of-Chapter Cases—This seventh edition features several new end-of-chapter cases. Managing Ashland MultiComm Services is a new integrated case about a consumer-oriented telecommunications provider that appears throughout the book, replacing the *Springville Herald* case in the previous edition. New and recurring throughout the book is a case that concerns analysis of sales and marketing data for home fitness equipment (CardioGood Fitness), a case that concerns pricing decisions made by a retailer (Sure Value Convenience Stores), and the More Descriptive Choices Follow-Up case, which extends the use of the retirement funds sample first introduced in Chapter 2. Also recurring is the Clear Mountain State Student Surveys case, which uses data collected from surveys of undergraduate and graduate students to practice and reinforce statistical methods learned in various chapters. This case replaces end-of-chapter

- questions related to the student survey database in the previous edition. Joining the Mountain States Potato Company regression case of the previous edition are new cases in simple linear regression (Brynne Packaging) and multiple regression (The Craybill Instrumentation Company).
- Many New Applied Examples and Problems—Many of the applied examples throughout this book use new problems or revised data. The ends-of-section and ends-of-chapter problem sets contain many new problems that use data from *The Wall Street Journal*, *USA Today*, and other sources.
- Checklist for Getting Started to use Microsoft Excel with This Book—Part of the Excel Guide in "Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First," the checklist and related material explain for students which Excel skills they will need and where they will find information about those skills in the book.
- **Revised Appendices Keyed to the Getting-Started Microsoft Excel Checklist**—The revised Appendix B discusses the Excel skills that readers need to make best use of the *In-Depth Excel* instructions in this book. The all-new Appendix F presents useful Excel knowledge, including a discussion of the new worksheet function names that were introduced in Excel 2010.
- **Enhanced Online Resources Appendix**—Appendix C presents a complete summary of all the online resources for this book that are available for download. This appendix expands and replaces the sixth edition's Appendix F.
- **Enhanced Configuring Software Appendix**—Primarily designed for readers who maintain their own computer systems, Appendix D helps readers to eliminates the common types of technical problems that could complicate their use of Microsoft Excel as they learn business statistics with this book.

Distinctive Features

We have continued many of the traditions of past editions and have highlighted some of these features below.

- **Using Statistics Business Scenarios**—Each chapter begins with a Using Statistics example that shows how statistics is used in the functional areas of business—accounting, finance, information systems, management, and marketing. Each scenario is used throughout the chapter to provide an applied context for the concepts. The chapter concludes with a Using Statistics, Revisited section that reinforces the statistical methods and applications discussed in each chapter.
- **Emphasis on Data Analysis and Interpretation of Excel Worksheet Results**—We believe that the use of computer software is an integral part of learning statistics. Our focus emphasizes analyzing data by interpreting results while reducing emphasis on doing computations. For example, in the coverage of tables and charts in Chapter 2, the focus is on the interpretation of various charts and on when to use each chart. In our coverage of hypothesis testing in Chapters 9 through 11, and regression and multiple regression in Chapters 12 and 13, extensive computer results have been included so that the *p*-value approach can be emphasized.
- **Pedagogical Aids**—An active writing style is used, with boxed numbered equations, set-off examples to provide reinforcement for learning concepts, student tips, problems divided into "Learning the Basics" and "Applying the Concepts," key equations, and key terms.
- **Answers**—Most answers to the even-numbered exercises are included at the end of the book.
- **Flexibility Using Excel**—For almost every statistical method discussed, this book presents more than one way of using Excel. Students can use *In-Depth Excel* instructions to directly work with worksheet solution details *or* they can use either the *PHStat* instructions *or* the *Analysis ToolPak* instructions to automate the creation of those worksheet solutions.
- Visual Explorations—The Excel add-in workbook allows students to interactively explore important statistical concepts in descriptive statistics, the normal distribution, sampling distributions, and regression analysis. For example, in descriptive statistics, students observe the effect of changes in the data on the mean, median, quartiles, and standard deviation. With the normal distribution, students see the effect of changes in the mean and standard deviation on the areas under the normal curve. In sampling distributions, students use simulation to explore the effect of sample size on a sampling distribution. In regression analysis, students have the opportunity to fit a line and observe how changes in the slope and intercept affect the goodness of fit.

Chapter-by-Chapter Changes Made for This Edition

Besides the new and innovative content described in "What's New and Innovative in This Edition?" the seventh edition of *Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft Excel* contains the following specific changes to each chapter. Highlights of the changes to the individual chapters are as follows.

- **Let's Get Started: Big Things to Learn First**—This all-new chapter includes new material on business analytics and introduces the DCOVA framework and a basic vocabulary of statistics, both of which were introduced in Chapter 1 of the sixth edition.
- **Chapter 1**—Measurement scales have been relocated to this chapter from Section 2.1. Collecting data, sampling methods, and types of survey errors have been relocated from Sections 7.1 and 7.2. There is a new subsection on data cleaning. The CardioGood Fitness and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 2**—Section 2.1, "Data Collection," has been moved to Chapter 1. The chapter uses a new data set that contains a sample of 318 mutual funds. There is a new section on PivotTables and business analytics that presents Excel slicers. The CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 3**—For many examples, this chapter uses the new mutual funds data set that is introduced in Chapter 2. There is increased coverage of skewness and kurtosis. There is a new example on computing descriptive measures from a population using "Dogs of the Dow." The CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 4**—The chapter example has been updated. There are new problems throughout the chapter. The CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 5**—There is an additional example on applying probability distributions in finance, and there are many new problems throughout the chapter.
- **Chapter 6**—This chapter has an updated Using Statistics scenario and some new problems. The CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 7**—Sections 7.1 and 7.2 have been moved to Chapter 1.
- **Chapter 8**—This chapter includes an updated Using Statistics scenario, additional problems on sigma known in Sections 8.1, and new examples and exercises throughout the chapter. The Sure Value Convenience Stores, CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included. The section "Applications of Confidence Interval Estimation in Auditing" has been moved online.
- **Chapter 9**—This chapter includes additional coverage of the pitfalls of hypothesis testing. The Sure Value Convenience Stores case is included.
- **Chapter 10**—This chapter has an updated Using Statistics scenario, increased coverage of the test for the difference between two means assuming unequal variances, and a new example on the paired *t*-test on textbook prices. The Sure Value Convenience Stores, CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases are included.
- **Chapter 11**—This chapter includes the Sure Value Convenience Stores, CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases. It now includes an online section on fixed effects, random effects, and mixed effects models.
- **Chapter 12**—The chapter includes many new problems. This chapter includes the Sure Value Convenience Stores, CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases. The McNemar test is now an online section.
- **Chapter 13**—The Using Statistics scenario has been updated and changed, with new data used throughout the chapter. This chapter includes the Sure Value Convenience Stores, CardioGood Fitness, More Descriptive Choices Follow-up, and Clear Mountain State Surveys cases.
- **Chapter 14**—This chapter now includes a section on logistic regression.

Chapter 15—This chapter now includes a section on predictive analytics and data mining. This chapter includes the Sure Value Convenience Stores, Craybill Instrumentation, and More Descriptive Choices Follow-up cases.

Chapter 16—This chapter includes new data involving movie attendance in Section 16.3 and updated data for The Coca-Cola Company in Sections 16.4 through 16.6 and Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., in Section 16.7. In addition, most of the problems are new or updated.

Chapter 17—This chapter now includes some new problems.

About Our Educational Philosophy

In *Our Starting Point* at the beginning of this preface, we stated that we are guided by these key learning principles:

- Help students see the relevance of statistics to their own careers by providing examples drawn from the functional areas in which they may be specializing.
- Emphasize interpretation of statistical results over mathematical computation.
- Give students ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to business.
- Familiarize students with how to use statistical software to assist business decision making.
- Provide clear instructions to students for using statistical applications.

The following further explains these principles:

- 1. Help students see the relevance of statistics to their own careers by providing examples drawn from the functional areas in which they may be specializing. Students need a frame of reference when learning statistics, especially when statistics is not their major. That frame of reference for business students should be the functional areas of business, such as accounting, finance, information systems, management, and marketing. Each statistics topic needs to be presented in an applied context related to at least one of these functional areas. The focus in teaching each topic should be on its application in business, the interpretation of results, the evaluation of the assumptions, and the discussion of what should be done if the assumptions are violated.
- **2.** Emphasize interpretation of statistical results over mathematical computation. Introductory business statistics courses should recognize the growing need to *interpret* statistical results that computerized processes create. This makes the interpretation of results more important than knowing how to execute the tedious hand calculations required to produce them.
- 3. Give students ample practice in understanding how to apply statistics to business. Both classroom examples and homework exercises should involve actual or realistic data as much as possible. Students should work with data sets, both small and large, and be encouraged to look beyond the statistical analysis of data to the interpretation of results in a managerial context.
- 4. Familiarize students with how to use statistical software to assist business decision making. Introductory business statistics courses should recognize that programs with statistical functions are commonly found on a business decision maker's desktop computer. Integrating statistical software into all aspects of an introductory statistics course allows the course to focus on interpretation of results instead of computations (see point 2).
- 5. Provide clear instructions to students for using statistical applications. Books should explain clearly how to use programs such as Microsoft Excel with the study of statistics, without having those instructions dominate the book or distract from the learning of statistical concepts.

Student Resources

Student Solutions Manual—Written by Professor Pin Tian Ng of Northern Arizona University, this manual provides detailed solutions to virtually all the even-numbered exercises and worked-out solutions to the self-test problems.

Online resources—This book comes with a complete set of online resources that are discussed in detail in Appendix C. These resources include the Excel Data Workbooks that contain the data used in chapter examples or named in problems and end-of-chapter cases; the Excel Guide Workbooks that contain templates or model solutions for applying Excel to a particular statistical method; the Digital Cases PDF files that support the end-of-chapter Digital Cases; the Visual Explorations Workbooks that interactively demonstrate various key statistical concepts; and the PHStat Files that include the Microsoft Windows and (Mac) OS X Excel add-in workbook that simplifies the use of Microsoft Excel with this book, as explained in Section EG.2.

The online resources also include the **Chapter Short Takes** and **Bonus eBook Sections** that expand and extend the discussion of statistical concepts worksheet-based solutions as well as the full text of two bonus chapters, "Statistical Applications in Quality Management" and "Decision Making."

MyMathLab Global

MyMathLab Global provides students with direct access to the online resources as well as the following exclusive online features and tools:

- Interactive tutorial exercises. A comprehensive set of exercises have been written especially for use with this book that are algorithmically generated for unlimited practice and mastery. Most exercises are free-response exercises and provide guided solutions, sample problems, and learning aids for extra help at point of use.
- **Personalized study plan.** A plan indicates which topics have been mastered and creates direct links to tutorial exercises for topics that have not been mastered. MyMathLab Global manages the study plan, updating its content based on the results of online assessments.
- Integration with Pearson eTexts. iPad or Android tablet users can download a free app at www.pearsonhighered.com/etextmobile/ and then sign in using their MyMathLab Global account to access a bookshelf of all their Pearson eTexts.
- @RISK trial Palisade Corporation, the maker of the market-leading risk and decision analysis Excel add-ins @RISK and the DecisionTools® Suite, provides special academic versions of its software to students (and faculty). Its flagship product, @RISK, debuted in 1987 and performs risk analysis using Monte Carlo simulation. To download a trial version of @RISK software, visit www.palisade.com/academic/.

Instructor Resources

Instructor's Resource Center—The Instructor's Resource Center contains the electronic files for the complete Instructor's Solutions Manual, the Test Item File, and PowerPoint lecture presentations (www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/levine).

- Register, Redeem, Login: At www.pearsonglobalditions.com/levine, instructors can register to
 access a variety of print, media, and presentation resources that are available with this text in downloadable, digital format.
- Need help? Our dedicated technical support team is ready to assist instructors with questions about
 the media supplements that accompany this text. Visit http://247pearsoned.com/ for answers to frequently asked questions and toll-free user-support phone numbers.

The following supplements are among the resources available to adopting instructors at the Instructor's Resource Center.

• **Instructor's Solutions Manual.** Written by Professor Pin Tian Ng of Northern Arizona University and checked for accuracy by Annie Puciloski, this manual includes solutions for end-of-section and end-of-chapter problems, answers to case questions, where applicable, and teaching tips for each chapter. An electronic version of the *Instructor's Solutions Manual* is available at the Instructor's Resource Center.

- Lecture PowerPoint Presentations. PowerPoint presentations, created by Professor Patrick Schur of Miami University and accuracy checked by Annie Puciloski, are available for each chapter. The PowerPoint slides provide an instructor with individual lecture outlines to accompany the text. The slides include many of the figures and tables from the text. Instructors can use these lecture notes as is or can easily modify the notes to reflect specific presentation needs.
- Test Item File. Created by Professor Pin Tian Ng of Northern Arizona University and checked
 for accuracy by Annie Puciloski, the downloadable Test Item File contains true/false, multiplechoice, fill-in, and problem-solving questions based on the definitions, concepts, and ideas developed in each chapter of the text.
- TestGen. Instructors can download TestGen, Pearson Education's test-generating software. The
 software is Microsoft Windows compatible and preloaded with all of the Test Item File questions.
 You can manually or randomly view test questions and drag and drop to create a test. You can add
 or modify test-bank questions as needed.

MyMathLab Global

MyMathLab Global is a text-specific, easily customizable online course that integrates interactive multimedia instruction with textbook content. MyMathLab Global gives you the tools you need to deliver all or a portion of your course online, whether your students are in a lab setting or working from home. Key features include:

- Assessment manager. An easy-to-use assessment manager lets instructors create online homework, quizzes, and tests that are automatically graded and correlated directly to your textbook.
 Assignments can be created using a mix of questions from the MyMathLab Global exercise bank, instructor-created custom exercises, and/or TestGen test items.
- **Grade book.** Designed specifically for mathematics and statistics, the MyMathLab Global grade book automatically tracks students' results and gives you control over how to calculate final grades. You can also add offline (paper-and-pencil) grades to the grade book.
- MyMathLab Global Exercise Builder. You can use the MyMathLab Global Exercise Builder
 to create static and algorithmic exercises for your online assignments. A library of sample exercises provides an easy starting point for creating questions, and you can also create questions
 from scratch.
- eText-MyMathLab Global for Statistics Full Integration. Students using appropriate mobile devices can use your eText annotations and highlights for each course, and iPad users can download a free app that allows them access to the Do Homework, Take a Test, and Study Plan pages of their course.
- "Ask the Publisher" Link in "Ask My Instructor" Email. You can easily notify the content team of any irregularities with specific questions by using the "Ask the Publisher" functionality in the "Ask My Instructor" emails you receive from students.
- Tracking Time Spent on Media. Because the latest version of MyMathLab Global requires students to explicitly click a "Submit" button after viewing the media for their assignments, you will be able to track how long students are spending on each media file.

Acknowledgments

We are extremely grateful to the RAND Corporation and the American Society for Testing and Materials for their kind permission to publish various tables in Appendix E, and to the American Statistical Association for its permission to publish diagrams from the *American Statistician*.

A Note of Thanks

We would like to thank William Borders, Troy University; Ozgun C. Demirag, Pennsylvania State University; Annette Gourgey, Baruch College; Hyokyoung Hong, Baruch College; Min Li, California State University; Robert Loomis, Florida Institute of Technology; Mahmood Shandiz, Oklahoma City University; Joe Sullivan, Mississippi State University; Rene Villano, University of New England; and Rongning Wu, Baruch College, for their comments, which have made this a better book.

We would especially like to thank Chuck Synovec, Mary Kate Murray, Ashlee Bradbury, Donna Battista, Judy Leale, Anne Fahlgren, and Jane Bonnell of the editorial, marketing, and production teams at Pearson Education. We would like to thank our statistical reader and accuracy checker Annie Puciloski for her diligence in checking our work; Kitty Wilson for her copy editing; Martha Ghent for her proofreading; and Tammy Haskins of PreMediaGlobal for her outstanding work in the production of this book.

Finally, we would like to thank our families for their patience, understanding, love, and assistance in making this book a reality. It is to them that we dedicate this book.

Concluding Remarks

Please email us at **authors@davidlevinestatistics.com** if you have a question or require clarification about something discussed in this book. We also invite you to communicate any suggestions you may have for a future edition of this book. And while we have strived to make this book both pedagogically sound and error-free, we encourage you to contact us if you discover an error. When contacting us electronically, please include "SMUME edition 7" in the subject line of your message.

You can also visit **davidlevinestatistics.com**, where you will find an email contact form and links to additional information about this book. For technical assistance using Microsoft Excel or any of the add-ins that you can use with this book including PHStat, review Appendices D and G and follow the technical support links discussed in Appendix Section G.1, if necessary.

David M. Levine David F. Stephan Kathryn A. Szabat

Global Edition

Pearson would like to acknowledge and thank the following people for their work on the Global Edition:

Contributors

Tracey Holker, Department of Strategy & Applied Management, Coventry Business School, Coventry University, UK.

Stefania Paladini, Department of Strategy & Applied Management, Coventry Business School, Coventry University, UK.

Xavier Pierron, Department of Strategy & Applied Management, Coventry Business School, Coventry University, UK.

Liu Qizhang, Department of Decision Science, National University of Singapore, Singapore.

Krish Saha, Department of Strategy & Applied Management, Coventry Business School, Coventry University, UK.

Reviewers

Ulas Akkucuk, Department of Management, Bogazici University, Turkey.

Amjad D. Al-Nasser, Department of Economics and Statistics, University of Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

Rosie Ching Ju Mae, School of Economics, Singapore Management University, Singapore.

Geoffrey G. Gachino, Assistant Dean and Assistant Professor, University of Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

Shalini Nagaratnam, Taylor's Business School, Taylor's University, Malaysia.

Tang Siew Fun, Taylor's Business School, Taylor's University, Malaysia.